



Tahir Pillay

University of Pretoria, South Africa

Prof Tahir Pillay is Chief Specialist, Professor and Head of Pathology and the Department of Chemical Pathology, University of Pretoria and National Health Laboratory service, Steve Biko Academic Hospital and Director of the Division of Clinical Pathology and Clinical Pathology training programme and Honorary Professor of Chemical Pathology, University of Cape Town. He was also previously head of Chemical Pathology at the University of Cape Town and Deputy Vice Chancellor at the University of KwaZulu-Natal; Deputy Director, Institute of Cell Signalling, University of Nottingham, UK. He is President of the South African Association for Clinical Biochemistry and Laboratory Medicine.

He is also Editor-in-Chief of the London-based BMJ group journal, *Journal of Clinical Pathology*. He serves on several prestigious international committees: He is chair of the the Communications and Publication Division(CPD) executive committee of the International Federation of Clinical Chemistry and Laboratory medicine (IFCC); the International Committee of the Royal College of Pathologists, London and as country advisor to the Royal College of Pathologists;

Prof Pillay graduated MBChB cum laude from the University of Natal and obtained a PhD in biochemistry from the University of Cambridge and completed his postgraduate specialist training at Hammersmith Hospital, Imperial College, London and postdoctoral training at the University of California San Diego. He is a Fellow of the Royal College of Pathologists and the College of Pathologists, South Africa. He has been the recipient of numerous awards, including the Juvenile Diabetes International Fellowship, the American Foundation of Clinical Research outstanding postdoctoral award, the Wellcome Trust Senior Clinical Fellowship, Professors Prize from the Association for Clinical Biochemistry, UK and the Senior Researcher award from the South African Association for Clinical Biochemistry. Prof Pillay's research and extensive publications span the area of the molecular cell biology of insulin signalling, the cell biology of insulin resistance, molecular modelling of ligand-receptor complexes and development of new diagnostic probes for point-of-care testing using recombinant DNA technology.